Provision of Basic amenities to Co-operative Group Housing Societies by DDA

755. SHRI RAM NARESH KUSH-AWAHA; Will the Minister ot URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that though a large number of Group Housing Societies in Delhi have either completed construction or are nearing completion, the DDA has not yet taken any step to provide even the basic amenities to these colonies;

(b) if so, what is the total number of Group Housing Societies awaiting for provision of the basic amenities by the DDA; and

(c) what are the reasons for delay in providing these amenities and what action has been taken by Government for the lackadaisical approach to the problems of the Group Housing Societies by the DDA?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) and (b) Wherever construction has been completed/nearing completion, necessary action to provide civic amenities is being taken by the DDA on priority basis. However, there are about 45 group housing societies where construction has either been completed or is in an advanced stage but where peripheral services like water supply, sewerage, and electricity have not been provided-

(c) The DDA provides approach roads, external storm water draina, external sewers on the periphery of the Group Housing Societies land, wherea.s internal development works are done by the societies themselves. Electric sub-stations are set up by DF.S.U. Works like provision of sewer lines and water supply lines have been delayed for want of ap-proval of schemes from the MCD or due to encroachment. Wherever ap-crovalo have been received, action has been initiated by the DDA to take up these works. In the case of electric supply DDA is making efforU to speed up the works in progress and to get approval of schemes and estimates from the MCD and D.E.S.U.

import of Contaminated Butter

756. SHRI VIRENDRA VERMA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that some time in May 1987 the quantity of butter imported by the Indian Dairy Corporation was found contaminated by radioactive residues;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof stating the .quantity (with, value) of the butter imported by the Indian Dairy Corporation and tha country from which it was imported;

(c) whether the stock of butter imported by the Indian Dairy Corporation on earlier occasions was also found contaminated and if so, what are the details thereof; and

(d) the manner in which the stock of the contaminated butter has been disposed of by the Corporation and the action taken by Government in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA):

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

Help to Yonth Beneficiaries of IRDP

757. SHRI KAPIL VERMA:
SHRI SOHAN LAL DHUSIYA:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state

(a) whether Government have recently announced a number of steps to help to youth beneficiaries of the

1RDP taking up self-employment, sick units and industrial units in respect of working capital;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) whether instructions have been issued to the banks and financial institution in this regard; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof and if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI RAMANAND YADAV); (a) to (d) Under the Integrated Rural Development Programme, assistance can be provided to families in rural areas whose annual income is below Rs. 4800. This includes rural youth also. The Union Government in July, 1987 has advised the States to diversify from predominantly primary sector activities of present to secondary and tertiary sector activities like encouraging prawn and fish farming, taking up of tea, fruit and vegetable production etc. and its processing by small and marginal farmers with strong backward and forward linkages. The Union Government has also advised that Training of Rural Youth for Self-employment (TRY-SEM) should also be re-oriented to prepare the youth for self and wage employment in close coordination •with Employment Exchanges.

Since individual beneficiaries are assisted under IRDP through self-employment in rural areas, the sick units and industrial units do not come under the purview of IRDP.

तिलहनों का उत्पादन

758. **श्री जगदम्बी प्रसाद यादव :** क्या कृषि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि 1985–86 में तिलहनों के उत्पादन का लक्ष्य 136 लाख टन का था जबकि वास्तविक उत्पादन मात्र 111.5 लाख टन हुआ;

(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि ऐसा लक्ष्य न तो पूर्ववर्ती वर्षों में प्राप्त किया जा सका और न ही इसे भविष्य में प्राप्त किये जाने की संभावना है;

(ग) क्या यह विफलता इस कारण से है कि हम वैसी सफलता विभिन्न तिलहनों के मामले में प्राप्त नहीं कर सके जैसी कि हमने गेहूं और मक्का के मामले में प्राप्त की लेकिन विफलता का कारण खराब मौसम को बताया जा रहा है; और

(घ) खाद्य तेल की कमी को दृष्टिगत रखते हुए सरकार तिलहनों के उत्पादन में वृद्धि करने के लिए क्या कदम उठा रही है ?

कृषि मंत्रालय में कृषि और सहकारिता विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री योगेन्द्र मकवाणा) : (क) जी, हां।

(ख) जी, नहीं। पिछले वर्षों में तिलहन उत्पादन के लक्ष्य न्यूनाधिक तौर पर पूरे कर लिये गये हैं। वर्ष 1983–84 के लिये निर्धारित 125.00 लाख मीटरी टन के लक्ष्य के मामले में वास्तविक उपलब्धि 126.9 लाख मीटरी टन रही। इसी प्रकार 1984–85 के दौरान उपलब्धि 129.6 लाख मीटरी टन रही जबकि लक्ष्य 130.00 लाख मीटरी टन का था। विभिन्न तिलहन विकास कार्यक्रमों के अंतर्गत तिलहनों के उत्पादन पर और अधिक जोर देने से आशा है कि तिलहन उत्पादन के भावी लक्ष्य भी पूरे कर लिये जायेंगे।

(ग) तिलहन प्रचुर ऊर्जा वाली फसलें हैं लेकिन इनकी खेती ऊर्जा रहित स्थितियों, छोटी जोतों आदि के अन्तर्गत होती हैं। इसलिये, तिलहनों का उत्पादन उस हद तक होने की आशा नहीं की जा सकती जिस हद तक गेहूं और मक्का का उत्पादन होता है। फिर भी विभिन्न तिलहनों की अधिक उपज देने वाली तथा रोग-रोधी किस्में विकसित की गई हैं.